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of the charge or charges against him, and at a day specified in said notice, at least five days after the service thereof, be given a public hearing and be given an opportunity to present testimony in his behalf and to confront the witnesses against him. Any person whose license has been revoked may, after the expiration of 90 days, apply to have his license regranted, and the same shall be regranted upon his giving satisfactory proof that the disqualification has ceased to exist.

SEC. 172-91. 1. All moneys received by the secretary of the board of health for barbers' examinations shall be paid, within one week of their receipt, into the general fund of the State treasury, and all such moneys are appropriated to the board of health to carry into effect the provisions of sections 1636-18 to 1636-29, inclusive, of the statutes.

2. All accounts and claims lawfully incurred in carrying out the powers, duties, and functions of the board of barber examiners shall be certified and audited as provided in section 145 and paid out of the general fund and charged by the secretary of state against the special appropriation account of the board of health, provided for in subsection 1 of this section.

Repapering or Recalcimining—Old Paper or Calcimine Must Be Removed. (Chap. 263, Act June 18, 1915.)

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read:

SEC. 4608z. 1. It shall be the duty of every person, firm, or corporation engaged in the business of calcimining, decorating, or paperhanging, before repapering or recalcimining any part of a wall or the ceiling of any room in any hotel or other public place which has previously been papered or calcimined, to remove all the paper or calcimine previously placed and remaining upon that part of the wall or ceiling to be repapered or recalcimined, and to thoroughly cleanse the same after so removing the paper or calcimine previously placed thereon before again papering or calcimining such wall or ceiling or part thereof.

2. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any provision of subsection 1 of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 for each offense.

Advertisements—Untrue, Deceptive, or Misleading, Prohibited. (Chap. 84, Act May 11, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Section 1747k of the statutes is amended to read:

SEC. 1747k. Any person, firm, corporation or association who, with intent to sell or in any wise dispose of merchandise, live stock, securities, service, or anything offered by such person, firm, corporation, or association, directly or indirectly, to the public for sale or distribution, or with intent to increase the consumption thereof, or to induce the public in any manner to enter into any obligation relating thereto, or to acquire title thereto, or an interest therein, for the purpose of defrauding the public, makes, publishes, disseminates, circulates, or places before the public, or causes, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in this State, in a newspaper or other publication, or in the form of a book, notice, handbill, poster, bill, circular, pamphlet, or letter, or in any other way an advertisement of any sort regarding merchandise, live stock, securities, service, or anything so offered to the public, which advertisement contains any assertion, representation, or statement of fact which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$200, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment: *Providing*, That nothing herein shall apply to any proprietor or publisher of any newspaper or magazine who publishes, disseminates, or circulates any such advertisement without knowledge of the unlawful or untruthful nature of such advertisement.